



**Proves d'accés a cicles formatius de grau mitjà de formació professional inicial,  
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# **Competència en llengua estrangera: anglès**

## **Sèrie 1**

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**SOLUCIONS,  
CRITERIS DE CORRECCIÓ  
I PUNTUACIÓ**

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La solució correcta està destacada amb lletra negreta.

1. Llegiu el text següent i encercleu la lletra de la resposta correcta.

[4 punts: 0,4 punts per cada cas]

Hi Aaron,

It \_\_\_\_ (0) \_\_\_\_ great to hear from you. I \_\_\_\_ (1) \_\_\_\_ in touch until now because of my university entrance exams. I think I \_\_\_\_ (2) \_\_\_\_ you I want to \_\_\_\_ (3) \_\_\_\_ a degree in Physical Education and if I want to be accepted, I need to pass \_\_\_\_ (4) \_\_\_\_ fitness tests. They aren't easy and I've had to train \_\_\_\_ (5) \_\_\_\_ during the summer but it's been fun. I've swum every day and I've \_\_\_\_ (6) \_\_\_\_ gone jogging with my friends and I've been careful with my diet. I haven't eaten much food \_\_\_\_ (7) \_\_\_\_ has sugar in it or fizzy drinks. I've lost 4 kilos but the important thing is that I feel much \_\_\_\_ (8) \_\_\_\_.

What about you? Have you decided what you want to do \_\_\_\_ (9) \_\_\_\_? Please write to me soon, I'm looking forward to hearing \_\_\_\_ (10) \_\_\_\_ you!

Best,

Gill

*Exemple:*

- |                                  |                           |                           |                           |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0. <i>a</i> ) had been           | <i>b</i> ) were           | <b>c</b> ) was            | <i>d</i> ) has been       |
| 1. <i>a</i> ) <b>haven't got</b> | <i>b</i> ) am not getting | <i>c</i> ) wasn't getting | <i>d</i> ) don't get      |
| 2. <i>a</i> ) <b>told</b>        | <i>b</i> ) said           | <i>c</i> ) explained      | <i>d</i> ) talked         |
| 3. <i>a</i> ) <b>take</b>        | <i>b</i> ) reach          | <i>c</i> ) catch          | <i>d</i> ) make           |
| 4. <i>a</i> ) any                | <i>b</i> ) <b>some</b>    | <i>c</i> ) this           | <i>d</i> ) a              |
| 5. <i>a</i> ) a lot of           | <i>b</i> ) a lots         | <i>c</i> ) lot            | <i>d</i> ) <b>a lot</b>   |
| 6. <i>a</i> ) as well            | <i>b</i> ) too            | <i>c</i> ) <b>also</b>    | <i>d</i> ) similarly      |
| 7. <i>a</i> ) who                | <i>b</i> ) <b>that</b>    | <i>c</i> ) what           | <i>d</i> ) with           |
| 8. <i>a</i> ) <b>healthier</b>   | <i>b</i> ) healthier      | <i>c</i> ) healthy        | <i>d</i> ) more healthier |
| 9. <i>a</i> ) still              | <i>b</i> ) just           | <i>c</i> ) <b>yet</b>     | <i>d</i> ) ever           |
| 10. <i>a</i> ) <b>from</b>       | <i>b</i> ) about          | <i>c</i> ) to             | <i>d</i> ) of             |

La solució correcta està destacada amb lletra negreta.

2. Encerclau la lletra de l'opció que respon correctament a la qüestió plantejada.

[2 punts: 0,4 punts per cada apartat]

*Exemple:*

0. I don't like this food.  
*a)* How nice of you!  
***b)*** You're right, it's not good.  
*c)* See you later!
1. Can I have a coffee, please?  
***a)*** **Here you are.**  
*b)* Coffee you are.  
*c)* Here you have.
2. I'd love to see you again.  
***a)*** **Yes, that would be great.**  
*b)* Yes, I do too.  
*c)* Yes, really.
3. *(At a clothes shop)* Can I try this on?  
*a)* Sure, have you got the receipt?  
*b)* Sure, does it suit you?  
***c)*** **Sure, have you checked the size?**
4. Her sister's a mechanic.  
***a)*** **So am I.**  
*b)* So I am.  
*c)* So do I.
5. *(On the phone)* Is Mrs. Stone available?  
*a)* I'm afraid she is.  
***b)*** **I'm afraid she can't talk now.**  
*c)* She is. Can you call back in five minutes, please?

La solució correcta està destacada amb lletra negreta.

3. Llegiu aquest text i encerclau la lletra de la resposta correcta entre les tres proposades. Baseu les vostres respostes en el contingut del text.

[2 punts: 0,4 punts per cada apartat]

### Zoos

A zoo, also known as a zoological park or zoological garden, is a place where animals are confined within enclosures\* for the public to view. There are currently over 1,000 large animal collections open to the public—80% of them in major cities.

Zoos give people an opportunity to observe animals they would never otherwise\* get to see. In many zoos the animals are also studied and bred.\* There are zoos all over the world, but the first zoo was called the Ménagerie du Jardin des Plantes and was founded in Paris in 1794. London founded the Zoological Society of London in 1828 and the name was abbreviated to "zoo." "Zoological" comes from the word "zoology," the study of animals. The first public zoo in the United States was in New York and it was called the Central Park Zoo.

Today, zoos are trying hard to keep animals in enclosures that replicate their natural habitat. The animals seem to be much better off in this type of environment and the visitors enjoy seeing the animals in a natural setting.

Nowadays, zoos throughout the world are trying to coordinate efforts to breed endangered species. The information they are learning about these animals will help zoologists preserve the species in the wild.

Although zoos have detractors, it is obvious that they do a very important task because they care for, study and protect animals, especially those that are particularly vulnerable.

Text adapted from the website <<http://kidsconnect.com>>

\* *enclosure*: recinte

\* *otherwise*: d'una altra manera

\* *to breed (bred bred)*: criar, reproduir-se

*Exemple:*

0. According to the text, zoos
- a) are also known as zoological parks or gardens.
  - b) are different from zoological parks and gardens.
  - c) are like other parks or gardens.
1. According to the text,
- a) there are less than 1,000 zoos in the world.
  - b) **the majority of zoos are in large cities.**
  - c) there are more than 1,000 zoos in 80 cities.
2. According to the text,
- a) **some animals can only be seen by people in zoos.**
  - b) a lot of people never see animals outside zoos.
  - c) a lot of people go to zoos to breed animals.
3. According to the text, the word “zoo”
- a) is the short form of “zoology.”
  - b) **is the short form of “zoological.”**
  - c) was first used in the United States.
4. At present, zoos try to imitate
- a) natural parks.
  - b) the nature around them.
  - c) **the place where the animals living in them come from.**
5. According to the text, endangered species
- a) can only breed in zoos.
  - b) **are helped by zoos.**
  - c) can only be found in zoos.
4. Contesteu breument les preguntes següents:  
[2 punts: 1 punt per cada apartat]
- a) Do you like going to zoos?
- I like going to zoos / I’m keen on zoos because (I like animals and I think they have a good life in zoos).
  - I don’t like zoos / I’m not keen on zoos because (I don’t think the animals are happy there because they aren’t free).
- b) When was the last time you went to a zoo? Who did you go with? What did you see/do?
- I last went to a zoo in... / last... . I went with (my family). I saw (a lot of / the lions and the reptiles)... and... . I took pictures of (the monkeys). I also went to the (dolphin exhibition) and I had lunch in a restaurant next to the (farm / the seals area).



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